5 Claims:

Catalyst / catalyst carrier with an aluminium content of less than 0.3 % by weight obtainable from mainly layer-lattice silicates which contain aluminium by a dealuminating process.

- Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to claim 1, wherein the said catalyst / catalyst carrier has an aluminium content of less than 0.03 % by weight.
- 15 3. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the proceeding claims, wherein said layer-lattice silicates used are smective and / or have preferably montmorillonite structures.
- 20 4. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the proceeding claims, wherein said catalyst carrier has a cumulative pore volume of between 0.2 and 0.9 ml/g.
- 25 5. Catalyst //catalyst carrier according to one of the proceeding claims, wherein said catalyst / catalyst carrier has a total pore volume of between 0.6 and 0.7 ml/g.

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6. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the proceeding claims, wherein said catalyst / catalyst carrier has the shape of a spherical body.

- 5 7. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the proceeding claims, wherein said catalyst / catalyst carrier has the shape of a ball.
- 8. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the proceeding claims, wherein said catalyst / catalyst carrier has a diameter of between 1 and 10 mm.
- 9. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the proceeding claims, wherein said catalyst / catalyst carrier has a diameter of between 4 and 6 mm.
 - 10. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the proceeding claims, wherein said catalyst / catalyst carrier has a pressure resistance of at least 10 N/mm.
 - 11. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the proceeding claims, wherein said catalyst / catalyst carrier has a pressure resistance of at least 20 N/mm.
 - 12. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the proceeding claims, wherein said catalyst / catalyst carrier obtainable from lattice-layer silicates containing aluminium by carrying out the following steps:

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- impregnating with an /acid
- treating hydrothermally
- washing with an acidic, a basic or a neutral solution
- 5 as well as optionally rinsing with water.
 - 13. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to claim 12, wherein said step
- of impregnating with an acid comprises impregnating
 with a mineral acid, in particular with phosphoric acid.
 - 14. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the claims 12 to 13, wherein said step
- of hydrothermal treatment takes place at a temperature of between 160 and 300 °C and/or at an partial water vapour pressure of between 4 and 80 baraba.
- 15. Catalyst carrier according to one of the .20 claims 12 to 14, wherein said step
 - of hydrothermal treatment takes place at a temperature of between 220 and 260 °C and / or at an partial water vapour pressure of between 16 and 25 baraba.

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- 16. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the claims 12 to 15, wherein said step
- cf hydrothermal treatment takes place completely or in part during the use of said catalyst / catalyst carrier in a hydration reaction.

- 17. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the claims 12 to 16, wherein said step
- of washing takes place at a temperature of between 5 2) and 100 °C.
 - 18. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the claims 12 to 17, wherein said step
- of washing takes place/at a temperature of between 70 and 90 °C.
 - 19. Catalyst / catalyst /carrier according to one of the claims 12 to 18, wherein said step
- of washing takes place with water, with hydrochloric acid or with water containing 0 to 30 parts of concentrated hydrochloric acid.
 - 20. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the claims /12 to 19, wherein said step
- 20 of rinsing takes place until the washing water be-
- 21. Process for producing a catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the claims 1 to 11 by a process which comprises the steps according to the claims 1.2 to 20.
 - 22. Process according to claim 21, wherein the catalyst / catalyst carrier is purified by burning off adhering organic carbon-containing compounds at a

temperature of between 300 and 1,000 °C, before the steps according to one of the claims 12 to 20 are applied.

5 23. Process of hydration of olefins preferably C2 or C3 olefins, with water in the presence of at least one catalyst, which is made from a catalyst/catalyst carrier according to one of the claims 1 to 20 impregnated with acid.

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- 24. Process according to olaim 23, wherein the hydration reaction
 - is carried out in/a reactor
- an olefin to water molar ratio is adjusted to between 0.1 and 0.8 in the reactor
 - has a gas hourly space velocity of 10 to 100 $l_n/min/l_{cot}$
 - said catalyst contains 5 to 60 % by weight of acid, and
- the hydration reaction of the olefins is carried out at a temperature of between 160 and 300 °C and an pressure of between 20 and 200 barabsolute
- 25 25. Process according to one of the claims 23 to 24, wherein said acid with which the catalyst / catalyst carrier is impregnated is a 10 to 90 % by weight phosphoric acid.
- 30 26. Process according to claim 25, wherein said acid with which the catalyst / catalyst carrier is im-

pregnated is a 50 to 60 % by weight phosphoric acid.

- 27. Process according to one of the claims 23 to 26,

 wherein said catalyst contains 5 to 60 % of an acid, calculated as pure acid, in particular a mineral acid like phosphoric acid.
- 28. Process according to one of the claims 23 to 27,

 wherein the hydration reaction for producing ethanol from ethene is carried out at a temperature of between 220 and 260 °C and a pressure of between 60 and 80 bar.
- 15 29. Frocess according to one of the claims 23 to 28, wherein the olefin used and the water used are introduced into the reactor in gaseous form.
- 30. Process according to one of the claims 23 to 29,
 wherein said acid is introduced into the reactor
 during the course of the hydration reaction.
 - 31. Process according to claim 30, wherein said acid used is phosphoric acid.
 - 32. Process according to at least one of the claims 23 to 31, wherein said acid is injected into the reactor continuously.

- 33). Catalyst for the hydration of olefine to alcohols obtainable by bringing into contact the catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the claims 1 to 20 and the catalyst / catalyst carrier produced according to one of the claims 21 to 22 with a mineral acid, in particular phosphoric acid, respectively.
- 34. Catalyst for the hydration of olefins to alcohols
 10 according to claim 33 which contains 5 to 60 % by
 weight acid, calculated as pure acid.
- 35. Catalyst / catalyst carrier according to one of the claims 1 to 20, wherein the said catalyst / catalyst carrier has at least partly a cristobalite-like structure.

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